

Tax Flash News

29 June 2023

Important to submit a tax residency certificate for the claim of tax treaty benefits

Background

A Tax Residency Certificate (TRC) is required to claim benefits under the tax treaty. Such TRC should be obtained by the taxpayer from the tax authorities of a foreign country where such taxpayer is resident to substantiate the claim under the tax treaty. Claim of tax treaty benefits without a valid TRC, would not be accepted by the Income tax authorities.

In this context, the Ahmedabad Bench of the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (the Tribunal) has held¹ that TRC from the country of residence is an important document to be furnished for the claim of tax treaty benefits in the India tax return.

Facts of the case

- The taxpayer, an individual, is a US citizen and a non-resident Indian. The taxpayer had filed the return of income, inter alia, showing an interest income on 2 Aug 2016. Such interest income was offered to tax at a special rate of 15% as per the India-USA tax treaty.
- The return of income was processed by CPC and intimation² was issued, in which CPC levied tax at the normal rate on interest income and did not apply the special rate of 15%.
- The taxpayer filed a rectification³ with a request to re-compute the interest income at the tax rate applicable as per the tax treaty. However, the Assessing Officer (AO) passed the order levying tax at a maximum marginal rate on the interest income.

- The Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals) [CIT(A)] upheld the order of the AO by observing the following:
 - The taxpayer had not been able to establish that he was a tax resident of the USA by producing a TRC (mandatory documentation) for the relevant period;
 - Providing a copy of a United States passport indicating the date of arrival into India and departure from India has not been adequate to establish that the taxpayer was a tax resident of the USA for the relevant period.

Taxpayer's contention

- The taxpayer relied on a judicial precedent⁴ wherein it was held that the non-production of TRC by itself would not disentitle the taxpayer to claim the tax treaty benefits.
- The taxpayer also admitted that he has not been able to provide a copy of the TRC as the concerned authorities in the USA didn't issue a TRC despite several applications to them.
- Further, the taxpayer requested that the case be restored to the file of CIT(A) to enable him to provide adequate documentation in support of the fact that he was a tax resident of the USA for the said period.

© 2023 KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, an Indian Limited Liability Partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee. All rights reserved.

¹ Parag Bhikhubhai Patel v. ITO [I.T.A. No.464/Ahd/2020 (Assessment Year: 2016-17)]

² Under Section 143(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961

³ Under Section 154 of the Act

 $^{^4}$ Skaps Industries Pvt. Ltd. v. ITO (ITA Nos. 478 & 479/Ahd/2018 for AYs 2013-14 and 2014-15)

ITAT's decision

- The taxpayer did not have a copy of TRC even on the date of the hearing of his case.
- The copy of the US Passport containing details of travel into India and departure from India by itself is not enough to confirm/demonstrate that the taxpayer was a tax resident of the USA during the relevant period.
- The ITAT restored the matter to CIT(A) to allow the taxpayer to submit the supporting documents in order to validate the claim of his residential status in the USA.

Our comments

This decision places reliance on the importance of TRC for substantiating a claim of tax treaty benefits. The ITR form requires the individual to confirm the availability of TRC (relating to the period for which the benefits under the relevant tax treaty are claimed) by way of selecting a 'Yes' or 'No'. Even in case of non-availability of TRC at the time of filing the India tax return, it is pertinent that the taxpayer obtains the TRC for supporting the claim of tax treaty benefits. In case of non-availability of TRC, the claim of tax treaty benefits might not be accepted by the tax authorities.

Considering this is a fact-specific case and a ruling of the Tribunal, adoption of the same in other jurisdictions/sets of facts could be evaluated on a case-to-case basis.



KPMG in India addresses:

Ahmedabad

Commerce House V, 9th Floor, 902, Near Vodafone House, Corporate Road, Prahlad Nagar, Ahmedabad – 380 051. Tel: +91 79 4040 2200

Bengaluru

Embassy Golf Links Business Park, Pebble Beach, 'B' Block, 1st & 2nd Floor, Off Intermediate Ring Road, Bengaluru – 560071 Tel: +91 80 6833 5000

Chandigarh

SCO 22-23 (1st Floor), Sector 8C, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh – 160 009. Tel: +91 172 664 4000

Chennai

KRM Towers, Ground Floor, 1, 2 & 3 Floor, Harrington Road, Chetpet, Chennai – 600 031. Tel: +91 44 3914 5000

Gurugram

Building No.10, 8th Floor, DLF Cyber City, Phase II, Gurugram, Haryana – 122 002. Tel: +91 124 307 4000

Hyderabad

Salarpuria Knowledge City, 6th Floor, Unit 3, Phase III, Sy No. 83/1, Plot No 2, Serilingampally Mandal, Ranga Reddy District, Hyderabad – 500 081. Tel: +91 40 6111 6000

Jaipur

Regus Radiant Centre Pvt Ltd., Level 6, Jaipur Centre Mall, B2 By pass Tonk Road, Jaipur – 302 018. Tel: +91 141 - 7103224

Kochi

Syama Business Centre, 3rd Floor, NH By Pass Road, Vytilla, Kochi – 682 019. Tel: +91 484 302 5600

Kolkata

Unit No. 604, 6th Floor, Tower – 1, Godrej Waterside, Sector – V, Salt Lake, Kolkata – 700 091. Tel: +91 33 4403 4000

Mumbai

2nd Floor, Block T2 (B Wing), Lodha Excellus, Apollo Mills Compound, N M Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai- 400011 Tel: +91 22 3989 6000

Noida

Unit No. 501, 5th Floor, Advant Navis Business Park, Tower-A, Plot# 7, Sector 142, Expressway Noida, Gautam Budh Nagar, Noida – 201 305. Tel: +91 0120 386 8000

Pune

9th floor, Business Plaza, Westin Hotel Campus, 36/3-B, Koregaon Park Annex, Mundhwa Road, Ghorpadi, Pune – 411 001. Tel: +91 20 6747 7000

Vadodara

Ocean Building, 303, 3rd Floor, Beside Center Square Mall, Opp. Vadodara Central Mall, Dr. Vikram Sarabhai Marg, Vadodara – 390 023. Tel: +91 265 619 4200

Vijayawada

Door No. 54-15-18E, Sai Odyssey, Gurunanak Nagar Road, NH 5, Opp. Executive Club, Vijayawada, Krishna District, Andhra Pradesh – 520 008. Tel: +91 0866 669 1000

30 years and beyond

https://kpmg.com/in/en/home/social

kpmg.com/in/en/home/social



The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavour to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, Lodha Excelus, Apollo Mills Compound, NM Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai - 400 011 Phone: +91 22 3989 6000, Fax: +91 22 3983 6000

© 2023 KPMG Assurance and Consulting Services LLP, an Indian Limited Liability Partnership and a member firm of the KPMG global organization of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Limited, a private English company limited by guarantee. All rights reserved.

The KPMG name and logo are trademarks used under license by the independent member firms of the KPMG global organization.

This document is meant for e-communication only.